

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please AMEND withdrawn claim 13 in accordance with the following:

1. (ORIGINAL) An information storage medium comprising:
an area including a recordable zone having a drive & disc zone in which information on a drive and information on a state of the storage medium are recorded; and
a user data area, wherein:
the drive & disc zone includes a plurality of physical clusters or error correction code (ECC) blocks, and
the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded in at least one of the physical clusters or error correction code (ECC) blocks.
2. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 1, wherein whenever the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are updated, the updated information is recorded in a physical cluster or ECC block different from a physical cluster or ECC block in which information on a previous drive and information on a previous state of the storage medium are recorded.
3. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 2, wherein whenever the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are updated, the updated information is recorded in a physical cluster or ECC block right after a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the previous drive and the information on the previous state of the storage medium are recorded.
4. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 2, wherein:
each of the plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks comprises a plurality of recording units, and
the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are sequentially recorded in different recording units of a physical cluster or ECC block.
5. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 2, wherein:
each of the plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks comprises a plurality of recording units, and

the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded in the same recording unit of a physical cluster or ECC block.

6. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 4, wherein the plurality of recording units are sectors or data frames.

7. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 4, wherein the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded.

8. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 4, wherein information on a new drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded in a starting recording unit of a physical cluster or ECC block, and the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a recording unit right after the starting recording unit.

9. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 1, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of an address of a zone in which new optimum power control (OPC) data is recorded, an address of a zone in which information on a last drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded, a last recorded address of a zone in which user data is lastly recorded, information on a number of sessions, write protection information, and information for indicating whether additional user data is recordable after recording the user data.

10. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 1, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of information on a recording mode, information on a type of a file system, information on a recording layer on which user data is recorded, a last recorded address of a zone which the user data is lastly recorded, and a last replaced address of a spare area in which data is replaced to manage defects.

11. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 1, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which information on a subsequent drive and information on a subsequent state of the

storage medium are to be recorded or information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which user data is to be recorded.

12. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 1, wherein the area is at least one of a lead-in area and a lead-out area.

13. (WITHDRAWN) An information storage medium comprising:

an area including a recordable zone having a drive & disc zone in which information on a drive and information on a state of the storage medium are recorded; and
a user data area, wherein:

the drive & disc zone includes a plurality of physical clusters or ~~error- error~~ correction code (ECC) blocks, and

the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded in different physical clusters or ECC blocks.

14. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 13, wherein whenever the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are updated, the updated information is recorded in a physical cluster or ECC block different from a physical cluster or ECC block in which information on a previous drive and information on a previous state of the storage medium are recorded.

15. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 14, wherein whenever the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are updated, the updated information is recorded in a physical cluster or ECC block right after a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the previous drive and the information on the previous state of the storage medium are recorded.

16. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 14, wherein the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are sequentially and alternately recorded starting from a beginning part of the drive & disc zone.

17. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 14, wherein:

the drive & disc zone is divided into two zones, and

one of the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage

medium is recorded in a first zone of the two zones and the remaining information is recorded in a second zone of the two zones.

18. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 13, wherein the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium recorded.

19. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 13, wherein information on a new drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded in a starting recording unit of a physical cluster or ECC block, and the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a recording unit right after the starting recording unit.

20. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 13, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of an address of a zone in which new optimum power control (OPC) data is recorded, an address of a zone in which information on a last drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded, a last recorded address of a zone in which user data is lastly recorded, information on a number of sessions, write protection information, and information for indicating whether additional user data is recordable after recording the user data.

21. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 13, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of information on a recording mode, information on a type of a file system, information on a recording layer on which user data is recorded, a last recorded address of a zone which the user data is lastly recorded, and a last replaced address of a spare area in which data is replaced to manage defects.

22. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 13, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which information on a subsequent drive and information on a subsequent state of the storage medium are to be recorded or information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which user data is to be recorded.

23. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 13, wherein the area is at least one of a lead-in area and a lead-out area.

24. (ORIGINAL) A method of recording with respect to an information storage medium, the method comprising:

recording information on a drive and information on a state of the storage medium in one of a plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks of a drive & disc zone of a recordable zone included in an area except a user data area of the storage medium; and

recording information on a new drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium in a physical cluster or ECC block different from a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded, whenever the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are updated.

25. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 24, wherein whenever the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are updated, the updated information is recorded in a physical cluster or ECC block right after a physical cluster or ECC block in which information on a previous drive and information on a previous state of the storage medium are recorded.

26. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 25, wherein:

each of the plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks comprises a plurality of recording units, and

the recording of the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium comprises sequentially recording the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium in different recording units of a physical cluster or ECC block.

27. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 25, wherein:

each of the plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks comprises a plurality of recording units, and

the recording of the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium comprises recording the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium in the same recording unit of a physical cluster or ECC block.

28. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 26, wherein the plurality of recording units are sectors or data frames.

29. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 26, further comprising copying the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded.

30. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 26, wherein:

the recording of the information on the new drive and the information on the latest state of the storage medium comprises recording the information on the new drive and the information on the latest state of the storage medium in a starting recording unit of the physical cluster or ECC block, and

the method of recording with respect to the storage medium further comprises copying the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium into a recording unit right after the starting recording unit.

31. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 24, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of an address of a zone in which new optimum power control (OPC) data is recorded, an address of a zone in which information on a last drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded, a last recorded address of a zone in which user data is lastly recorded, information on a number of sessions, write protection information, and information for indicating whether additional user data is recordable after recording the user data.

32. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 24, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of information on a recording mode, information on a type of a file system, information on a recording layer on which user data is recorded, a last recorded address of a zone which the user data is lastly recorded, and a last replaced address of a spare area in which data is replaced to manage defects.

33. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 24, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which

information on a subsequent drive and information on a subsequent state of the storage medium are to be recorded or information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which user data is to be recorded.

34. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 24, wherein the area is at least one of a lead-in area and a lead-out area.

35. (WITHDRAWN) A method of recording with respect to an information storage medium, the method comprising:

recording information on a drive and information on a state of the storage medium in different physical clusters or ECC blocks of a plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks of a drive & disc zone of a recordable zone included in an area except a user data area of the storage medium; and

recording information on a new drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium in a physical cluster or ECC block different from a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded, whenever the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are updated.

36. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 35, wherein whenever the information on the drive and the information on the state of the disc is updated, the updated information is recorded in a physical cluster or ECC block right after a physical cluster or ECC block in which information on a previous drive and information on a previous state of the storage medium are recorded.

37. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 36, wherein the recording of the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium comprises sequentially and alternately recording the information on the drive and the information in the state of the recording medium starting from a beginning part of the drive & disc zone.

38. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 36, wherein:

the drive & disc zone is divided into two zones, and

one of the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium is recorded in a first zone of the two zones and the remaining information is recorded in a second zone of the two zones.

39. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 35, further comprising copying the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the disc is recorded.

40. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 35, wherein:

the recording of the information on the new drive and the information on the latest state of the storage medium comprises recording the information on the new drive and the information on the latest state in a starting recording unit of the physical cluster or ECC block, and

the method of recording with respect to the storage medium further comprises copying the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium into a recording unit right after the starting recording unit.

41. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 35, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of an address of a zone in which new optimum power control (OPC) data is recorded, an address of a zone in which information on a last drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded, a last recorded address of a zone in which user data is lastly recorded, information on a number of sessions, write protection information, and information for indicating whether additional user data is recordable after recording the user data.

42. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 35, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of information on a recording mode, information on a type of a file system, information on a recording layer on which user data is recorded, a last recorded address of a zone which the user data is lastly recorded, and a last replaced address of a spare area in which data is replaced to manage defects.

43. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 35, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which information on a subsequent drive and information on a subsequent state of the storage medium are to be recorded or information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which user data is to be recorded.

44. (ORIGINAL) An information storage medium comprising:

an area including a recordable zone having a drive & disc zone in which information on a drive and information on a state of the storage medium are recorded; and

a user data area, wherein:

the drive & disc zone includes a plurality of physical clusters or error correction code (ECC) blocks, wherein updated information on the drive and updated information on the state of the storage medium are recorded in a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded, and

the information on the drive is copied into the physical cluster or ECC block having the updated information on the drive and the updated information on the state of the storage medium.

45. (WITHDRAWN) An information storage medium comprising:

an area including a recordable zone having a drive & disc zone which includes a plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks; and

a user data area, wherein updated information on a state of the storage medium is recorded in a physical cluster or ECC block different from a physical cluster or ECC block in which information on a previous state of the storage medium is recorded, and updated information on a drive is selectively recorded in the physical cluster or ECC block in which the updated information on the state of the storage medium is recorded.

46. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 45, wherein information on previous drives is copied into the physical cluster or ECC block in which the updated information on the state of the disc is recorded.

47. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 44, wherein:

the updated information on the state of the disc is recorded in a 0th recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block,

the updated information on the drive is recorded in a first recording unit right after the 0th recording unit, and

information on previous drives is sequentially copied into recording units after the first recording unit.

48. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 44, wherein:

the updated information on the drive is recorded in a 0th recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block,

information on previous drives is sequentially copied into recording units after the 0th recording unit, and

the updated information on the state of the storage medium is recorded in a recording unit right after a last one of the recording units into which the information on the previous drives is copied.

49. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 46, wherein:

the updated information on the drive is recorded in a 0th recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block,

the information on the previous drives is sequentially copied into recording units after the 0th recording unit, and

the updated information on the state of the storage medium is recorded in a recording unit right after a last one of the recording units into which the information on the previous drives is copied.

50. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 46, wherein information on a previous drive is copied into a recording unit following a starting recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block where the updated information on the state of the storage medium is recorded in the starting recording unit and the updated information on the drive is not recorded.

51. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 46, wherein the information on the previous drives is sequentially copied from a beginning recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block where the updated information on the state of the storage medium is recorded in a last recording unit of the predetermined physical cluster or ECC block and the updated information on the drive is not recorded.

52. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 44, wherein the updated information on the state of the storage medium is recorded in one of recording units included in each of the plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks.

53. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 44, wherein the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded.

54. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 44, wherein the drive & disc zone is included in at least one of a lead-in area and a lead-out area of the storage medium.

55. (ORIGINAL) A method of recording with respect to an information storage medium, the method comprising:

recording information on a state of the storage medium and information on a drive in one of a plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks of a drive & disc zone of a recordable zone included an area except a user data area of the storage medium;

recording updated information on the state of the storage medium and updated information on the drive in a physical cluster or ECC block following the physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the state of the storage medium and the information on the drive are recorded; and

copying the information on the drive after recording the updated information on the drive.

56. (WITHDRAWN) A method of recording with respect to an information storage medium, the method comprising:

whenever information on a state of the storage medium is updated, recording updated information on the state in different physical clusters or ECC blocks of a plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks of a drive & disc zone of a recordable zone included an area except a user data area of the storage medium; and

selectively recording updated information on a drive in a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the state of the storage medium is recorded.

57. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 56, further comprising copying information on a previous drive into the physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the state of the storage medium is recorded.

58. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 55, wherein:

the recording of the updated information on the state of the storage medium and the

updated information on the drive comprises recording the updated information on the state in a 0th recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block and recording the updated information on the drive in a first recording unit right after the 0th recording unit, and

the copying of the information on the drive includes sequentially copying information on previous drives into recording units after the first recording unit.

59. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 55, wherein:

the recording of the updated information on the drive comprises recording the updated information on the drive in a 0th recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block,

the copying of the information on the drive includes sequentially copying information on previous drives into recording units after the 0th recording unit, and

the recording of the updated information on the state of the storage medium comprises recording the updated information on the state in a recording unit right after a last one of the recording units into which the information on the previous drives is copied.

60. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 57, wherein:

the recording of the updated information on the drive comprises recording the updated information on the drive in a 0th recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block,

the copying of the information on the previous drive includes sequentially copying information on previous drives into recording units after the 0th recording unit, and

the recording of the updated information on the state of the storage medium comprises recording the updated information on the state in a recording unit right after a last one of the recording units into which the information on the previous drives is copied.

61. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 57, wherein in response to the updated information on the state of the storage medium being recorded in a starting recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block and the updated information on the drive not being recorded, the copying of the information on the previous drive comprises copying the information on the previous drive into a recording unit following the starting recording unit.

62. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 57, wherein in response to the updated information on the state of the storage medium being recorded in a last recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block and the updated information on the drive not being recorded, the copying of the information on the previous drive includes sequentially copying

information on previous drives starting from a beginning recording unit of the predetermined physical cluster or ECC block.

63. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 55, wherein the updated information on the state of the storage medium is recorded in one of recording units included in each of the plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks.

64. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 55, wherein the recording of the information on the state and the information on the drive includes copying the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded.

65. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 55, wherein the drive & disc zone is included in at least one of a lead-in area and a lead-out area of the storage medium.

66. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 5, wherein the plurality of recording units are sectors or data frames.

67. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 5, wherein the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded.

68. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 5, wherein information on a new drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded in a starting recording unit of a physical cluster or ECC block, and the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a recording unit right after the starting recording unit.

69. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 2, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of an address of a zone in which new optimum power control (OPC) data is recorded, an address of a zone in which information on a last drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded, a last recorded

address of a zone in which user data is lastly recorded, information on a number of sessions, write protection information, and information for indicating whether additional user data is recordable after recording the user data.

70. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 2, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of information on a recording mode, information on a type of a file system, information on a recording layer on which user data is recorded, a last recorded address of a zone which the user data is lastly recorded, and a last replaced address of a spare area in which data is replaced to manage defects.

71. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 2, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which information on a subsequent drive and information on a subsequent state of the storage medium are to be recorded or information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which user data is to be recorded.

72. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 14, wherein the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium recorded.

73. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 15, wherein the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium recorded.

74. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 16, wherein the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium recorded.

75. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 17, wherein the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the

drive and the information on the state of the storage medium recorded.

76. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 14, wherein information on a new drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded in a starting recording unit of a physical cluster or ECC block, and the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a recording unit right after the starting recording unit.

77. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 15, wherein information on a new drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded in a starting recording unit of a physical cluster or ECC block, and the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a recording unit right after the starting recording unit.

78. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 16, wherein information on a new drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded in a starting recording unit of a physical cluster or ECC block, and the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a recording unit right after the starting recording unit.

79. (OWITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 17, wherein information on a new drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded in a starting recording unit of a physical cluster or ECC block, and the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a recording unit right after the starting recording unit.

80. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 14, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of an address of a zone in which new optimum power control (OPC) data is recorded, an address of a zone in which information on a last drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded, a last recorded address of a zone in which user data is lastly recorded, information on a number of sessions, write protection information, and information for indicating whether additional user data is recordable after recording the user data.

81. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 14, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of information on a recording mode, information on a type of a file system, information on a recording layer on which user data is recorded, a last recorded address of a zone which the user data is lastly recorded, and a last replaced address of a spare area in which data is replaced to manage defects.

82. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 14, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which information on a subsequent drive and information on a subsequent state of the storage medium are to be recorded or information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which user data is to be recorded.

83. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 27, wherein the plurality of recording units are sectors or data frames.

84. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 27, further comprising copying the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded.

85. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 27, wherein:

the recording of the information on the new drive and the information on the latest state of the storage medium comprises recording the information on the new drive and the information on the latest state of the storage medium in a starting recording unit of the physical cluster or ECC block, and

the method of recording with respect to the storage medium further comprises copying the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium into a recording unit right after the starting recording unit.

86. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 25, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of an address of a zone in which new optimum power control (OPC) data is recorded, an address of a zone in which information on a last drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded, a last recorded address of a zone in which user data is lastly recorded, information on a number of sessions, write protection

information, and information for indicating whether additional user data is recordable after recording the user data.

87. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 25, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of information on a recording mode, information on a type of a file system, information on a recording layer on which user data is recorded, a last recorded address of a zone which the user data is lastly recorded, and a last replaced address of a spare area in which data is replaced to manage defects.

88: (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 25, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which information on a subsequent drive and information on a subsequent state of the storage medium are to be recorded or information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which user data is to be recorded.

89. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 36, further comprising copying the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the disc is recorded.

90. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 36, wherein:

the recording of the information on the new drive and the information on the latest state of the storage medium comprises recording the information on the new drive and the information on the latest state in a starting recording unit of the physical cluster or ECC block, and

the method of recording with respect to the storage medium further comprises copying the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium into a recording unit right after the starting recording unit.

91. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 36, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of an address of a zone in which new optimum power control (OPC) data is recorded, an address of a zone in which information on a last drive and information on a latest state of the storage medium are recorded, a last recorded address of a zone in which user data is lastly recorded, information on a number of sessions, write protection information, and information for indicating whether additional user data is recordable after

recording the user data.

92. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 36, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises at least one of information on a recording mode, information on a type of a file system, information on a recording layer on which user data is recorded, a last recorded address of a zone which the user data is lastly recorded, and a last replaced address of a spare area in which data is replaced to manage defects.

93. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 36, wherein the information on the state of the storage medium comprises information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which information on a subsequent drive and information on a subsequent state of the storage medium are to be recorded or information necessary for indicating an address of a zone in which user data is to be recorded.

94. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 45, wherein:

- the updated information on the state of the disc is recorded in a 0th recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block,
- the updated information on the drive is recorded in a first recording unit right after the 0th recording unit, and
- information on previous drives is sequentially copied into recording units after the first recording unit.

95. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 46, wherein:

- the updated information on the state of the disc is recorded in a 0th recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block,
- the updated information on the drive is recorded in a first recording unit right after the 0th recording unit, and
- the information on the previous drives is sequentially copied into recording units after the first recording unit.

96. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 45, wherein:

- the updated information on the drive is recorded in a 0th recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block,
- information on previous drives is sequentially copied into recording units after the 0th

recording unit, and

the updated information on the state of the storage medium is recorded in a recording unit right after a last one of the recording units into which the information on the previous drives is copied.

97. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 45, wherein the updated information on the state of the storage medium is recorded in one of recording units included in each of the plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks.

98. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 46, wherein the updated information on the state of the storage medium is recorded in one of recording units included in each of the plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks.

99. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 45, wherein the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded.

100. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 46, wherein the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded.

101. (WITHDRAWN) The information storage medium of claim 45, wherein the drive & disc zone is included in at least one of a lead-in area and a lead-out area of the storage medium.

102. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 56, wherein:

the recording of the updated information on the state of the storage medium comprises recording the updated information on the state in a 0th recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block,

the recording of the updated information on the drive comprises recording the updated information on the drive in a first recording unit right after the 0th recording unit, and

the method of recording with respect to the storage medium further comprises sequentially copying information on previous drives into recording units after the first recording

unit.

103. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 57, wherein:

the recording of the updated information on the state of the storage medium comprises recording the updated information on the state in a 0th recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block,

the recording of the updated information on the drive comprises recording the updated information on the drive in a first recording unit right after the 0th recording unit, and

the copying the information on the previous drive includes sequentially copying information on previous drives into recording units after the first recording unit.

104. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 56, wherein:

the recording of the updated information on the drive comprises recording the updated information on the drive in a 0th recording unit of a predetermined physical cluster or ECC block,

the method of recording with respect to the storage medium further comprises sequentially copying information on previous drives into recording units after the 0th recording unit, and

the recording of the updated information on the state of the storage medium comprises recording the updated information on the state in a recording unit right after a last one of the recording units into which the information on the previous drives is copied.

105. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 56, wherein the updated information on the state of the storage medium is recorded in one of recording units included in each of the plurality of physical clusters or ECC blocks.

106. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 56, wherein the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are copied into a physical cluster or ECC block following a physical cluster or ECC block in which the information on the drive and the information on the state of the storage medium are recorded.

107. (WITHDRAWN) The method of claim 56, wherein the drive & disc zone is included in at least one of a lead-in area and a lead-out area of the storage medium.

108. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 1, wherein the storage

medium is a once-writable storage medium.

109. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 1, wherein the storage medium is a several-time-rewritable storage medium.

110. (ORIGINAL) The information storage medium of claim 1, wherein the storage medium is an optical storage disc.